The florets of the ray are from six to ten ; they are twice as long as the squamæ of the involucre ; yet as they are broad, with several veins, as well as on account of the form of the leaves, it is probable that this plant belongs rather to the $W$. platyglossa than to the $W$. stenoglossa.
33. Bidens bipinnata, Linn. DC. Prod. 5. p. 603.-British Guiana, Schomburgk, n. 455.
34. Cosmos cautlatus, H. B. et K. DC. Prod. 5. p. 606.-French Guiana. Herb. Par. n. 150.
35. Schomburgkia calcoides. DC. Prod. 7. p. 294.-British Guiana. Schomburgk, n. 474.

A short time before the publication of the seventh volume of the Prodromus a fine Orchidaceous genus was dedicated to Schomburgk, by Lindley, in the second part of his 'Sertum Orchidaceum,' which renders it necessary to change the name of DeCandolle's Schomburgkia. I have, however, been unwilling so to do until the publication of the ninth of his 'Collection de Mémoires,' where the plant is figured ; as some other generic name will probably there be given to it.
36. Gnaphalium americanum, Mill. DC. Prod. 6. p. 234.-British Guiana. Schomburgk, n. 573.
[To be continued.]

## XIV.-Illustrations of Indian Botany. By Drs. Wigitt

 and Arnott.[Continued from vol. i. p. 395.]
Acalypha ciliata.

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\text { Plate } \mathbf{V} \text {. }
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Herbacea, spicis androgynis axillaribus densis, floribus superioribus masculis paucis, fommeineis pluribus alternis, involucris hispidis profunde fimbriato-ciliatis, foliis longe petiolatis rhombeo-ovatis acuminatis serratis hispidis.
^calypha ciliata. Forsh. Fl. Regypt. Arab.p.162. Spreng. Syst. Veget.v. 3. p. 879.

Herbaceous, crect, with few branches. Stems hollow, angled, tomentose. Leaves alternate, rhombeo-ovate, acuminate, crenato-serrate, ciliate on the margins, slightly hairy on both sides. Spikes androgynous, axillary, shorter than the petioles, furnished at the apex with a double stellated appendage, the laciniæ of which are villous: this body Jussieu considers an abortive male flower. Male flowers few superior, extremely minute, clustered within one or several small bracteas. Female flowers below, numerous, alternate, inclosed within a large, cordate, fimbriated, hairy, persistent involucre. Calyx of
the mule flowers of four sepals, glandular at the margins. Corolla none. Filaments of the stamens very short. Anthers 2 -celled : cells separate, elongated, "verruciform." Sepals of the female flowers 3, lanceolate, distinct. Corolla 0. Stamens 0. Styles 3, long, divided at the apex into several slender laciniæ. Capsule 3 -celled, 3 -valved; cells 4 -seeded. Seeds ovate, smooth, brown.

Frequent in corn-fields in the Tanjore and Cuddalore districts. The specimen figured is from the neighbourhood of Dindegul.

Plate V. Fig. 1, extremity of a spike; f. 2, one of the stellated appendages from the same; f. 3 , scale with female flowers, magnified.

## XV.-New British Insects indicated in Mr. Curtis's Guide. By A. H. Haliday.

The references are to the genera and species as numbered in the 2nd edition; and where the Appendix is referred to, the number of the column is added.

## Coleoptera.

Calathus nubigena, C. 53. 5.
C. subapterus niger antennarum basi thoracis lateribus pedibusque rufescentibus; thoracis basi utrinque leviter impressa, angulis subrectis; elytris leviter striatis: m. $f$. Long. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ lin.
Under stones on the top of Sliebh Donard, Downshire. Omaseus tetricus, C. 37.9.

Has been lately described under the name Pterostichus gracilis, Erichson Köf. M. Brand. i. 72.

## Hymenoptera.

Ichneumon phateratus, C. $484.153^{\circ}$.
I. ore orbita scutello et segmentorum marginibus albidis, thorace multifariam albido-lineato ; femoribus tibiisque croccis, posticis apice nigris, $m . f$.; facie albida, $m$. ; antennarum semiannulo albo, $f$. Long. $3 \frac{\mathrm{I}}{2}$ lin.
Ireland, on a willow, September.
The characters of this species are intermediate between Ichneumon and Hoplismenus.
Tryphon hamosternus, C. 492. $100^{\text {b }}$.
T. arcola nulla; unguibus denticulatis ; pectore pedibusque rufis, tibiis posticis basi albidis, apice et ante basin fuscis; terebra crassa deflexa, $f$. Long. 3-3 $\frac{1}{2}$ lin.
On willows, Ireland, May, \&c.

